THE Premier of Cape Colony is en route for London, where he will confer with Lord Salisbury in regard to the Portuguese complications with Africa.

A NORTHERN route has been selected for the projected Siberian railway by the commission appointed by the Russian Government to consider the sub-

THE Argentine Republic has decided to withdraw its Minister from Switzerland, and has closed its legation at economy.

THE ways and means committee of the House decided, on the 15th, to report a bill extending the bonded period of the Tariff law from February 1 to July 19 next year.

THE use of Prof. Koch's curative lymph will be prohibited by the Russian medical courcil until such time as the specific has been investigated under government supervision.

It was rumored, on the 19th, that the Thames and Medway fleets of the British navy had received orders to hold themselves in readiness for instant sailing to quell an outbreak in Ireland.

SENATOR GORMAN'S residence at Laurel, Md., was burned to the ground at two o'clock on the morning of the 17th. The Senator was not at home at | neer Corps of the navy. A bill to define cer the time. The loss is estimated at \$20,- tain treaty stipulations was debated and

JUDGE R. D. McBRIDE, of Elkhart, was, on the 17th, appointed to succeed Judge Mitchell, deceased, upon the Supreme bench of Indiana. McBride was the candidate of the Republicans for the position at the recent election.

RETURNS issued by the French Board of Trade show that during the month of November the imports decreased 6,972,000 francs, and the exports decreased 54,196,000 francs, as compared with the corresponding month last year.

Counsel for the adherents of Mr. Parnell has applied for, and the court has granted, an interlocutory injunction restraining the publication of Suppressed United Ireland, the first edition of which the McCarthyites issued on the 14th.

Cold weather prevails in various parts of Northern Germany. At some points, on the 17th, the mercury stood at 17 centigrade. All the streams were frozen over. Floating ice filled the Rhine and its tributaries, and the pontoon bridges have been removed.

THE Linden Park Blooded Horse Ashouse. The association was represented by counsel, but made no defense. The indictment was for the fall racing.

QUEEN VICTORIA, on the 18th, unvailed the statue erected in honor of craze with all the fanaticism of their the late Emperor Frederick of Germany at Windsor Castle. The Prince of Wales and other members of the royal family, as well as a large number of state dignitaries and prominent per- time past. This will give employment sons were present.

A RUSSOPHILE demonstration took place at a theater in Toulon. France, on the night of the 17th. The opera "L'Etolle du Nord" was being given, and the Russian anthem was played. The audience loudly demanded the repetition of the air and received it with cheers and shouts of "Long Live Russia.

JUDGE COWING, in the New York Court of General Sessions, has decided that the trio of untried boodlers, Robert DeLacey, Wm. Maloney and Charles Dempsey, of the Aldermanic Board of 1884, who came back from Canada recently anticipating immunity from answering to the charges against them, will have to stand trial for their of-

THE miners' strike at Birmingham, Ala., threatens to close every industry canal and smaller boats were sunk at in that district. The Amalgamated As- | the piers in North and East rivers, and | number of conference reports on public sociation of Steel and Iron Workers | many outgoing steamers were compeled | buildings were agreed to. The Urgency have agreed to refuse to work with coal to defer their departure. A portion of Deficiency bill, with Senate amendmined by convict or scab miners if the the roof of Daly's Theater was blown ments, was then discussed, and was strikers ask them to do so. Patrick Me- off, smoke-stacks blown down and in finally returned to the Senate with all Bride, of the United Mine Workers of some cases personal injuries were sus-America, says if he can not settle the tained. strike he will call out all the iron and THE President declines to issue his steel workers.

THE Clare moonlighters, whose prose cution has aroused wide interest throughout Ireland, were sentenced, on actually issued and placed in the hands of water and nine and a half quarts of the 19th, at Sligo. Lalor received a the city comptroler. Every thing must Croton water. His weight, which at sentence of penal servitude for life, and be ship-shape before the President gives the beginning of his fast was 14714 the others were sentenced to various the National sanction to the project. terms of imprisonment, varying from twelve months to twenty years. In passing sentence the judge expressed Yates, N. D., the interment being witregret that the instigators of the outrage had not been brought to trial.

THE Empress of Germany gave birth, on the night of the 17th, to a son while the Emperor was at the opera-house. A summons was at once sent to His Majesty, who hastened to the palace. The manager of the opera-house announced the event to the audience, who made the dered on the morning of the 17th, evitheater resound with cheers for the Emperor and Empress. The audience stood up and joined in singing the national hymn, which was played by the band.

SITTING BULL, the turbulent Sioux chief, who for a score of years had been a disturbing element in the Northwest, and who, more than any one person, was | wires prostrated and a general interresponsible for the present Indian ruption of traffic and business occatroubles, was captured, on the 15th, by sioned. Indian police, and during an attempted TREASURER MURDOCK of the Bluerescue by his followers was killed, to- beard, Jr., Company was attacked in gether with his son Black Bird, and his room at the Markham House, At-Catch Bear and four other Sioux and lanta, Ga., on the 17th, by a robber, and seven of the police. The timely ar- seriously wounded in the head. The department for the treatment of hydrorival of the cavalry prevented further robber escaped with about \$2,000 with phobia and tuberculosis, filed articles of bloodshed.

interview at Ottawa, Ont., on the 18th. York City was burned on the evening with Sir John McDonald, advocated of the 17th, and with it J. B. Bentley's closer relationship between the Domin- painting. "The Ideal Head of Christ. ion and Mexico. He said the McKin- valued at \$50,000, which was on exhibiley tariff had hit his country hard, and | tion in the edifice. that the Mexicans would buy Canadian THE London Standard expresses carriages, agricultural implements, doubt as to the advisability of Mr. hardware, soaps, boots and shoes, and Chamberlain's scheme for the formabutter and cheese if direct steamboat | tion of a new party. The facts, it says, connection was established and a com- are daily tending to call into existence mercial treaty between the two coun- a national party composed of Unionists tries negotiated.

NEWS AND NOTES

A Summary of Important Events. FIFTY-FIRST CONGRESS.

In the Senate, on the 15th, the bill giving settlers opposite unsurveyed land the privilege of taking up additional land to the total at Camden, Ark., to cost \$25,000, and the bill appropriating \$10,000 for repairs to Fort Marion in Florida. Mr. Colquitt, Mr. Wilson, of Maryland, and Mr. Vance, addressed the Senate on the Federal Elections bill ... In the House a resolution calling for information about National banks used as Government depositaries was passed. The bill to adjust and pay Indian depredation claims was passed. Other bills were discussed, but none received the two-thirds vote necessary to suspend the rules and pass

In the Senate, on the 16th, the Morgan resolution calling for information about moneys paid to John I. Davenport as supervisor of elections was passed.

A communication from Mr. Davenport Berne. This is done for purposes of asking that charges made against him in the Senate be investigated was referred. Mr. Dolph's resolution inquiring whether the right to vote has been abridged in any of the States was discussed without action. Speeches on the Elections bill were made by Messrs. Morgan, Kenna and Dolph.....In the House a resolution for a holiday recess from December 22 to January 5 was offered by Mr. Mills. The Apportionment bill was taken up and discussed at length.

In the Senate, on the 17th the bill providing for the sale of the old custom-house building at Eric, Pa., was passed. The remainder of the session was devoted to the discussion of the Federal Elections bill. Mr. Hoerasked that a time be fixed for voting on the bill, but Mr. Gorman said that the Senate was just on the threshold of debate and he did not think that a time could be fixed now .. In the House, after considerable debate on the measure, the Apportionment bill was

passed by a vote of 187 to 82.

In the Senate, on the 18th, a resolution calling for a report from the Fish Commissioner on the proposed fish hatchery in Northern New York, was passed, as was a bill to ter minate the reduction in number of the Engi then placed on the calendar. Speeches on the Elections bill were made by Messrs. Coke. Cullom, Cockrell and Bate. A number of building bills and private relief measures were passed..... In the House the following Senate bills were passed: To bridge the Green and Barren rivers, in Kentucky; to provide for taking depositions in inter-State commerce hearings; authorizing Albany, Ore., to bridge the Williamette river, and authorizing Humphrey County, Tenn., to bridge the Duck river. The Shipping bill was de bated at length, but went over without ac-

IN the Senate, on the 19th, Mr. Stanford made a lengthy address in support of his Government Loan bill, which was referred to the finance committee. The Printing Deficiency bill was passed. Mr. Blair made a ong humorous personal explanation to show the falsity of a published story that he was not on good terms with the President. Mr. Bate, Mr. Gibson and Mr. Stewart (Republican) spoke in opposition to the Federal Elections bill In the House the conference report on the bill conferring powers on the Baltimore & Potomac railroad in the District of Columbia was agreed to, as was, also, the conference report on the bill amending the act to divide the Sioux Indians

in Dakota. PERSONAL AND GENERAL.

PREMIER CRISPI has instructed the Italian police authorities to promptly suppress all publications printing seditious articles, whether purporting to be issued in the cause of the church or sociation at Elizabeth, N. J., was again otherwise. This is looked upon as a convicted, on the 18th, in the Union | menace to the Vatican, whose organs County Court of keeping a disorderly have been especially virulent since the late election.

THE Indians on the ranches near Chico, Cal., have commenced the Messiah or ghost dance. The Indians, though civilized, are going into the nomadic brethren further east.

THE Lehigh Valley Coal Company has resumed operations at all their collieries, which have been closed for some to many thousands of persons.

ALL the London papers join in denouncing the outrage upon Mr. Parnell, which nearly resulted in permanently ruining his sight.

FOUR Hungarian miners were killed by a fall of coal in the mines near

Hazelton, Pa., on the 17th. THE trial of the suit brought in the Supreme Court, Brooklyn, by the father of four-year-old Frank Ehrman, to recover \$50,000 damas es from the Brooklyn City Railroad Company for the loss of Frank's leg, ended, on the 17th, in a

verdict for the plaintiff for \$25,000. THE Crown Prince and Princess of Greece will spend the Christmas holi-

days at the English court. THE well-known French painter, Louis Eugene Charpientier, died in Paris on the 17th.

THE storm of the 17th played havocin

proclamation inviting the world to parvoted by the Chicago City Council are drank twenty-one quarts of alkaline SITTING BULL'S body was buried, on the 17th, in the post graveyard at Fort

at the post. The five Indian police who were killed in the fight were interred member of the Parliamentary party rewith full military honors. DETECTIVE JAMES HUTTON, of San Francisco, who had been detailed to the Cunarder Aurania on the 20th. He watch the thieves in the neighborhood was immediately summoned to Kilof Jefferson Square, was found mur-

blow on the head from some one behind him. The heaviest snow-storm in five years from the German Government and to who died a few days ago. struck Pittsburgh, Pa., and vicinity on the 17th, almost cutting that city from outside communication. Mails were delayed, telegraph and other electric

which Murdock was about to pay the

salaries of the company. THE Mexican Consul-General, in an Christ Episcopal Church in New

and Conservatives.

CAPTAIN NORTON'S little life-boat was signaled at Gibraltar on the 17th. Ail on board were well. The boat was expected to arrive at Toulon on the 19th

after its long voyage from New York. THE Sisters of the Most Holy Sacrament is the name decided upon for the new religious order to be established by Sister Catherine (Miss Kate Drexel), and which will have for its special object amount of 160 acres was passed; also House bill for a building at Fargo, N. D., to cost \$19,000; House bill for a building the condition of Indians and colored people. It will be from the start the richest religious order in the world, being endowed with Miss Drexel's entire fortune of between \$7,000,000 and \$8,000,-

> A DINNER and reception was given to Judge and Mrs. Thurman at Columbus, O., on the night of the 17th, in honor of the "Old Roman's" seventy-seventh birthday anniversary. Seventy-seven of his neighbors and friends participated. MR. CULLOM introduced in the Senate, on the 18th, a bill to provide for the payment of laborers, cooks, nurses and all who worked in the commissary de-

> pension roll. ELMER SHARKEY, the murderer of his mother, and Henry Popp, who killed Morris Grether, were hanged within the Ohio State prison at Columbus, the former at 12:05 and the latter at 12:29. on the morning of the 19th. Isaac Smith, who was to have been hanged with them, was reprieved until March

HON. MICHAEL J. PHELAN, ex-Consul-General of the United States at Halifax. Nova Scotia, publisher of the Western Watchman and a prominent figure in Catholic circles of St. Louis, dropped dead on the street in front of his office, on the evening of the 18th, from heart disease Two of the foremost physicians of

Hospital, Detroit, and Dr. Heneage Gibbs, of the Michigan State University, announce that they have discovered a consumption cure, the efficacy of which is beyond question. JOSEPH DONOGHUE, of Newburg, N.Y. is capturing the skating laurels in Hol-

Michigan, Dr. E. L. Shurley, of Harper

land. On the 17th he won the mile amateur championship, and on the 18th captured the three-mile amateur championship of Holland in the contests at Amsterdam. S. A. KEAN, the Chicago banker whose failure has been announced, and his

cashier, Warne, were arrested, on the 18th, charged with receiving deposits while having full knowledge of the insolvent condition of the bank. ARTHUR HOYT DAY, of Rochester, N. Y., who murdered his wife by push-

Niagara river in July last, was hanged at Welland, Ont., on the 18th. THE effort made to secure the indictment, by the Federal grand jury at In-

ing her over the precipitous bank of the

was not successful. brooke, Que., on the 19th. Just before surance. the execution Sheriff Webb died in Jailer Reed's private office of acute heart failure induced by excitement incident to the hanging.

THE Military Academy Appropriation bill which was agreed to, on the 19th, by the House committee on military affairs, provides liberally for improvements at West Point. Among the items is \$28,000 for new tanks and bath rooms

In a speech at Kilkenny, on the 19th, Mr. Justin McCarthy, the new Irish leader, deprecated the assault on Mr. Parne", and said it would secure its vicer many votes which he would otherwise never have received.

THE three patients being treated at the University of Pennsylvania by the Koch method each exhibited a slight reaction on the 19th. No other symp-

THE plan for the conversion of the Argentine paper issues into a sterling loan is said to have been settled. It has been agreed by all the English nitrate companies to limit their output without increasing prices beyond figures which will yield a fair return on the capital invested.

LATE NEWS ITEMS.

In the Senate, on the 20th, after the passage of a number of private pension bills in the morning hour, the Federal January 1, 1891. Elections bill was taken up, and Mr. New York City and vicinity. Several Spooner made a long speech in support of the measure......In the House a but one amendment-that relating to pay of Senate employes—agreed to. Giovonni Succi, successfully ended his forty-five days' fast in New York ticipate in the Columbian Exposition in City on the 20th. During this remark-Chicago until the \$5,000,000 in bonds able period of abstaining from food he pounds, was reduced to 104% pounds. Instead of the watermelon, with which Dr. Tanner terminated his great fast of

forty days, Senor Succi's first nourishnessed only by the soldiers and people ment was a cup of cocoa. TIMOTHY HARRINGTON, the Parnellite cently seeking subscriptions in America, arrived at Queenstown, Ireland, on kenny by Mr. Parnell for consultation. SENATOR PLATT introduced a resoludently having been stricken down by a tion, on the 20th, which was laid on the table, authorizing the President to purchase a quantity of Dr. Koch's lymph

> obtain the formula for it, and appropriating \$100,000 for that purpose, THE Republican city convention of Brazil, Ind., on the 20th, nominated W. D. McCullough as the successor of Mayor Jacob Herr, who was recently deposed for inebriety. The Democrats nominated J. G. Acklemier, who served

as Brazil's first mayor. THE New York Bacteriological Institute, comprising a Pasteur and Koch incorporation on the 20th.

A BILL has been introduced in the Senate to prohibit the sale of fire-arms and ammunition to Indians residing upon reservations. THE Wells-Fargo Express Company

declared a semi-annual dividend of four per cent. on the 20th. THE death rate from small-pox in Guatemala and San Salvador continues enormous.

THE finances of the Government of San Salvador are in a bad condition. Mexico, causing great havoc.

MISSOURI STATE NEWS.

A Cave His Fort. More than a year ago Peter Renfrow killed Mr. Davis, constable at Houston,

Texas County, who was attempting to arrest Renfrow for disturbing the peace. He was bound over for murder in the first degree, and his trial was to have been held at Springfield. There he, with several others, last winter, broke jail, and nothing has been heard of him until recently it has been discovered by a few neighbors that he makes his headquarters in a cave very difficult of access and near the home of his family, The liabilities are estimated at \$500,near Summerville, Texas County. Provisions are carried to him. He is armed with a Winchester, two good revolvers, and a dog is his companion. He is an

ward is offered for him. President of the State University. The board of University curators has tendered the presidency of the Missouri University to Prof. R. H. Jesse, of Tupartment of the Government during the lane University. New Orleans, at a late war; and also to place them on the salary of \$3,600 per year, and the use of the president's house. Prof. Jesse has taken the matter under consideration, and the probabilities are that he will accept.

expert shot, and no one seems to care

to attempt his arrest, though \$200 re-

He is a Virginian by birth, was educated at the University of Virginia, and at present is senior professor of Latin in the Louisiana State University. He is about forty years of age, is married and has three children. In religious belief Prof. Jesse is a Bapt ist.

A Sad Case.

Nearly three years ago an old man from Clay County named Doty killed a Kansas City real-estate shark. After several trials he has been sentenced to the penitentiary for ten years. Much sympathy, it is said, exists for him, as the real-estate man induced the old man to trade the savings of a life time for worthless lands in Texas. A petition for his pardon will be presented to the Governor.

Sale of a Lead Mine. The Mahaska Mining Company, of Joplin, has contracted to sell its 160acre tract of land, .lying southwest of | twenty-five cents on the dollar. Joplin, to James A. Bolen, of Kansas

City, for \$65,000. Mr. Bolen is president of the Bolen Coal Company, of Kansas City. The Mahaska tract adjoins some of the best mining properties in the district, and is a heavy producer of both lead and zinc ore. Liberal Rewards Offered. Governor Francis has offered a re

ward of \$300 each for the apprehension and conviction of one or more of the parties who ran over and dragged Miss Tovell to death in St. Louis a few weeks ago. The members and officers of the St. Louis School Board also offer \$500 reward.

A Bad Blaze. The entire business part of the town dianapolis, of Attorney-General Miller of Orrick, twelve miles west of Rich- Hampshire, and Wisconsin are for violation of the franking privilege, mond, burned the other day. The Frigg given by counties in this bul-Hotel, Ross' general store, Street's REMI LA MONTAGUE, the murderer of drug store, Huffmann's general store Napoleon Michel, his brother-in-law, and one or two other buildings were was hanged in the jail-yard at Sher- destroyed. Loss, \$30,000, with light in-

> Died from His Injuries. While William Ammons, a farmer near Appleton City, was loading grain from an elevator near the railroad his team became frightened at an approaching locomotive, ran away and pitched Ammons out of the wagon. He alighted upon his head, and died four hours later. Offering a Reward.

> A subscription is being made up in St. Louis to offer a reward for the arrest and conviction of the miscreants who drove over and dragged Miss Tovell, a school teacher, injuring her so badly that she died. The fund now aggregates over \$500.

It Is a Reasonable Bill. A jury in the St. Louis Probate Court decided that Dr. William Porter's bill of \$4,995 for professional attendance on toms except those expected had develop- the late Henry Shaw is reasonable, and Dr. Porter will receive his money.

Ex-Treasurer Noland's Case. Judge Edwards, in the Cole County Circuit Court, denied the motion to quash the indictment against ex-State Freasurer Noland, and set the date for the trial to begin January 7. .

State Interest Paid. State Auditor J. M. Seibert drew his warrant the other day on the Treasurer for \$168,490 to meet the semi-annual interest on the State indebtedness, due

St. Louis Gas. The Supreme Court has decided that the St. Louis city ordinance fixing the price of gas to consumers at 90 cents is invalid. The present price, \$1.18% (net), will continue.

Lamar Water-Works. The Lamar water-works have been completed and water turned into the mains. A test was made before the City Council, and every thing reported

Appointed by Governor Francis.

Governor Francis has appointed C. S. Owsley recorder of voters for Kansas City, to succeed John C. Hope, whose term of office expires January 1, 1891. Banker Nichols Under Arrest. Charles H. Nichols, president of the

defunct Nichols Bank of Kansas City, who was arrested in Chicago, has been returned to Kansas City. Don't Want the Kaw Dammed. A scheme to dam the mouth of the Kaw river is creating much excitement

at Kansas City because of the damage

that will be done. Prepared His Funeral Oration. Instead of funeral services a paper prepared by himself was read at the burial of W. L. Beatie, of Sweet Springs,

Destroyed by Fire. The factory of the Louis Hax Furniture Company at St. Joseph was destroyed by fire. The loss is \$75,000; insurance, \$15,000.

Killed by a Fall. Emile Lineberger, a St. Louis carpenter, fell head first to the brick sidewalk, a distance of sixty feet. He was picked up dead.

Quitting a Very Old Habit. Judge Gray, of Nevada, aged seventythree, has quit chewing tobacco. He begun to masticate the weed at thirteen years of age.

Sedalia's Dream. A St. Louis paper says that Sedalia will make an effort this winter to secure the removal of the State Capitol to that

Death of a Geologist. ago.

THE KEAN FAILURE.

in Assignment Made by S. A. Kean, the Chicago Banker-The Methodists Hard Hit-Liabilities Nearly Four Times the Assets-A Steady Drain of Cash Caused

CHICAGO, Dec. 19 .- S. A. Kean, the banker, whose failure has been announced, made an assignment this morning. The deposits are said to reach half a million dollars, nearly all due to small depositors largely of the Methodist persuasion, as the head of the house was prominent in that denomination.

amount to over one-fourth of the liabilities. W. P. Fennell, attorney for Mr. Kean, said this morning that there had been a steady drain-not a run-on the bank since the first day of the present month, when suspicious reports of the bank's condition first began to be circulated among depositors. Two hundred thousand dollars in cash, Mr. Fennell said, had been withdrawn from the bank in fourteen days, and that amount in these times of tight money, he said, is no insignificant sum. In making the assignment Mr. Kean turned over every bit of tangible property he owned, including his home and all property here and elsewhere. In the language of his attorney: "He came down town this morning with \$10 in his pocket-all he

has in the world." Benjamin F. Jacobs, the assignee, took possession of the bank this morning. He declines to see the bank's put the bank on its feet again. No other local bank is affected by the failure, and the presidents of all the National banks agree that monetary matters in this city are in an excelent con-

It is reported on good authority that special correspondent of the Wall Street News, who was allowed to inspect the books and securities of the bank, telegraphed his paper that the creditors would not realize more than

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.

The Census Office Preliminary Bulletin of Education Shows a Marked Increase of Private and Parochial Schools. Particularly Among the Catholic and Lutheran

WASHINGTON, Dec. 19.—The Census Office has in press a preliminary bulletin on education, prepared by James H. Blodgett, who was connected in a similar capacity with the Tenth census. The investigation contemplated the treatment of schools in three groups according to the mode of support, public, private and parochial, the latter in the sense of subdivision of private schools. The attendance of public school statistics of Louisiana, New letin. showing the sex of the pupils and teachers and in the case of Louisiana the sex and color. In the past ten years the increase in population for these States has been: Louisiana, 19.01 per cent.; New Hampshire, 8.51 per cent.; Wisconsin, 28.33 per cent. The changes in public school enrollment in the same period have been: Louisiana, gain, 53.52 per cent.; New Hampshire, loss, 7.51 per cent.; Wisconsin, gain, 16.97 per cent.

The imperfect results of the inquiry regarding private and parochial schools November 1 in each State here reported, show a large attendance of pupils, especially in Wisconsin, where the figures justify the claims made by religious bodies maintaining parochial schools. In Wisconsin there has been reported 31,000 Catholic schools, 22,000 Lutheran, more than 10.000 Evangelical, and less numbers in other parochial schools.

THE INDIAN WAR.

Latest News from the Front-Red Cloud Addresses the Returned Recalcitrants at s Grand Council at Pine Ridge-A Fight Imminent in the Bad Lands. OMAHA, Neb., Dec. 19.-A Pine Ridge

special says: The military vesterday counted the returned recalcitrants and issued rations to them. There were 1.024. A grand council was held Wednesday night. Red Cloud told them that his heart was broken. They had caused a great deal of trouble, and now their stock was here eating grass (a very serious thing at present, there being so much stock here) and they were give the grass and rations-and he grunted. He would count it all nothing if the trouble could be settled. If those who were out would not come in the soldiers were forced to kill them. He should feel sorry, for they were his relatives, but he must say that it was

A fight seems imminent. The hostiles are in the Bad Lands sixty miles to the northwest. There are not more than five hundred fighting men. General Carr is close in their rear, and their case is hopeless. General Brooke has exercised the greatest patience and seems determined to exhaust every peaceful means of settlement before au and some misunderstanding arose conadvance is made. One company of In- cerning money matters, which involved dian scouts under Lieutenant Preston left camp yesterday for Rapid City. It | in Bolton shooting Cavitt in the main is also rumored that the hostiles have street of Juarez. Thursday was the

moved their camp. The Funeral of General Terry. Washington, Dec. 19.—In deference of General Terry, who died in New Haven, Conn., on Tuesday last will not partake of a military character, and no tered a carriage and was immediately the Knights of Labor assembly last orders will therefore be issued from the War Department concerning it.

Havoc by the Storm Along the New Jersey Coast.

Philadelphia, Dec. 19.—The fivemile beach railroad which extends from Cape May Club-House to Anglesea. N. J., has been washed away for a distance of three and a half miles, the Point. For a new set of officers' track being piled up against the telegraph poles. Communication with Anglesea can only be had by means of listed men. \$5,000; for two sets of quarboats. At Sea Isle City, considerable | ters for enlisted men and their families, damage was done. The railroad \$24,000; for enlarging the store-house of from that point to this city, which extends along the beach, was badly | tanks and bath-rooms for the cadets' damaged, as is also the road to Avon. quarters, \$28,000. Washouts are numerous.

A Proposed Amendment to the Tariff. Washington, Dec. 19.—Mr. Spinola, of New York, introduced in the House yesterday a bill amending the Tariff act by substituting the schedule for sundries the following: "Furs, not otherwise provided for in this act, dressed, or dyed on skin, but not made up into articles, or cut into strips, pieces or waste, and furs not on the skin prepared for hatters' use, 25 per John Van Cleve Phillips, an old citi- cent. ad valorem; for seals, dressed or zen of St. Louis, and famous for his dyed on the skin, 50 per cent. ad valointo strips, pieces or waste, 60 per cent. Troops were ordered to the point. ad valorem.

HYPNOTISM AND CRIME.

Dr. Liegois Explains to the Court and Jury in the Eyraud Case in Paris the Possibilities of the Use of Hypnotism in in the Perpetration of Crime - The Court, However, Declines to Consent to

Paris, Dec. 29.—When the court try-

ing the case of Michael Eyraud, the strangler, and his accomplice, Gabrielle Bompard, for the murder of Touissant Couffe, adjourned Thursday, it was with the understanding that Dr. Liegois should, at his request, give his testimony in the presence of the court and jury alone. Accordingly the public which 000. It is said the assets will not has hitherto thronged the court room, was denied admission. Dr. Liegols, who is head of the medical faculty of the College of Nancy, and who maintains the affirmative of the hypnotic theory, was called immediately upon the opening of the day's proceedings. The doctor began his testimony by explaining at considerable length that a hypnotized subject invariably lost all will power, and became as an automaton in the hands of the experimentalist. A person under the hypnotic influence, Dr. Leigois said, could be impeled by the will power of the operator to commit crimes against which, when the subject's mental faculties were in a graphic description of how on one occasion, after placing a man under the hypnotic influence, he had handed him an unloaded revolver and commanded him to fire upon another person. The hypnotized subject believed that at the dos creditors for the present. He hopes to tor's suggestion he had committed murder. Another occasion the witness teatified that he had influenced a hypnotized subject to sign a promissory

Gabrielle had received a suggestion whereof she retained no recollection when restored to her normal self. To condition. The prisoner ought to be again mesmerized, in order to revive her recollections of the crime while in that that according to the indictment the circumstances were that Evraud was unable to put the woman to sleep. Yet she proved amendable to the hypnotic influence of Granger and revealed the crime to him while hypnotized. The witness declared that he would rather cut his hand off than take the responsibility of sentencing the woman under such circumstances.

The procureur asked Dr. Liegeois what means he employed to make sure that the supposed hypnotic sleep was genuine. The witness replied that a subject really under the hypnotic influence evinced no sensibility to pair

when pricked with a pin. Dr. Brouardel was recalled and declared that the opinions of the Nancy Medical School, represented by Dr. Liegeois were held in very small esteem by him. He was not in favor of again hypnotizing Gabrielle, as he was unwilling to take the risk of the audience hearing what revelations might be surprised out of the woman.

Counsel for both Bompard and Evraud requested that the female prisoner be hypnotized in open court. The procureur objected, saying that it would not aid in bringing out the truth. The judges rejected the proposal. Counsel for Gouffe's relatives asked

the court to find both the prisoners guilty.

THINE EAR, O, CZARI Resolutions Introduced in Congress in Deprecation of the Persecution of the Jews in Russia.

Washington, Dec. 20 .- Mr. Cummings introduced in the House yesterday the following resolution: Resolved, That the members of the House of Representatives of the United States have heard with profound sorrow, and with feel-

ings akin to horror the reports of the persecution of the Jews in Russia, reflecting the barbarism of the past, disgracing humanity and impeding the progress of civilization. Resolved, That our sorrow is intensified by the fact that such occurrences should happen in a country which has been and is now the firm friend of the United States, and which covered itself with glory not long since, by the emancipation of its serfs and

by its defense of helpless Christians from the oppression of the Turks. Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be forwarded to the Secretary of State with a request that he send them to the American Minister at St. Petersburg, and that the Minister be directed to present the resolueating his rations; but he was willing to tions to His Imperial Highness, Alexander

III, Czar of all the Russias. The resolution was referred to the committee on foreign affairs.

DOC BOLTON'S ESCAPE. He Walks Past the Mexican Guard in a Soldier's Overcoat and Arrives Safely on

American Soil. EL PASO, Tex., Dec. 20.-Doc Bolton, who has been in jail at Juarez since last April for the killing of J. H. Cavitt, escaped from confinement Thursday evening and is now on American soil. Both Cavitt and Bolton were wealthy cattlemen, owning extensive interests in Mexico. They had been partners the two in difficulties and finally ended usual visitors' day, and a great many called on Bolton. Among them were a large number of American soldiers. They went out singly and in pairs, and to the wishes of the family, the funeral | it is positively known that Bolton, disguised in an army coat with a false moustache, walked out of the jail, en- for his health on the adjournment of

driven to this side. Improvements for the West Point Military

Academy. Washington, Dec. 20.-The Military Academy Appropriation bill, which was agreed to by the House committee on military affairs, provides for a number of improvements at West quarters, \$20,000 is allowed; for repairs of the present quarters of enthe eadet quartermaster, \$1,000; for new

A Stampede from Cheyenne City. Minneapolis, Minn., Dec. 20.—The Journal's Pierre (S. D.) special says that George Morris, store-keeper at Cheyenne City, near the mouth of Cherry creek, has just arrived. The population of twenty families had just left the town. Just before he left, Wednesday night, twenty of Sitting Bull's band arrived and held a big council of war with the Cherry Creek Indians, 150 of whom joined Bull's band and set out for the Bad Lands. They had a sharp skirmish with the Indian police TYPHUS fever still rages in the City of geological researches, died a few days rem; when made up into articles, or cut which the settlers did not stop to see.

MONEY AND BUSINESS.

Reflex of the Commercial and Financial Condition of the Country as Seen Through R. G. Dun & Co's Weekly Review-The General Volume of Business Continues Large, but the Monetary Stringency Continues to be Felt-An Increased Number of Failures.

NEW YORK, Dec. 20 .- R. G. Dun & Co.'s Week r Review of Trade says: Business eantinues large for the season but there is perceptibly less feeling of confidence. The causes appear to be: 1, Presence of important monetary legislation, the effects of which are not clearly forseen; 2, frequent failures and great difficulties in making collections; and. 3, less satisfactory conditions in some large branches of indus try. Though the rate for money on call is lower than a week ago, and money is easier at Boston and Philadelphia, there is still stringency at most points throughout the country. Complaints of slow collections have rarely been more general. Foreign influences are not now disturbing. Exports of products for two weeks of December from New York show a gain of 8 per cent. over last year, and the total last December was hardly ever surpassed. Though imports continue heavy, they are greatly exceeded by exports at present. Exports of cotton thus far this month exceed last year's, and also provisions, but there is a heavy decrease in the export of grain, caused by speculative prices here. Trade at the South is fair at most points reporting; considered healthy at New Orleans, with larger cotton receipts; dull at Memphis, but more confident at Little Rock; slightly improved at normal condition, his or her nature would revolt. The witness then gave a confident at Jacksonville, and at Atlanta accumulations of cotton are large. Money is very close at all points. St. Louis has colder weather, favoring all lines of trade; but at Kansas City, holiday trade is below the average. At Denver trade is only fair; at Salt Lake improving some; at Omaha fair; at Minneapolis steady for lumber and improving in price for flour, and at St. Paul confidence is returning. Collections in this region are at most points fair. At Chicago money is firm but regular business is supplied, and there is confidence in the immediate future. At Milwaukee and Detroit trade is good; at Cleveland fair, and Dr. Liegeois declared it possible that at Cincinnati very quiet in wholesale lines. Pittsburgh reports more confidence, trade in manufactured iron and in glass slower and Bessemer lower. Eastern cities feel the effects of expected legislation and reeffect this, however, it would have been cent failures, but also present mone-necessary to place her in an anæsthetic tary relief. Confidence improves at Boston, wool sells more largely, and also leather. Though money is easier at Philadelphia, the noteworthy feature is the general difficulty of collections. Iron shows condition. The witness pointed out no improvement at Philadelphia or here, The dry goods trade feels the influence of recent failures, and of stringecy in commercial loans. Trade in cotton is not so good as usual, though print cloths are down to 3 cents, the first time for several years. Stocks on hand are 860,000 pieces. Trade in woolen dress goods has been encouraging.

The failures during the last seven days number, for the United States, 363, and for Canada 41, or a total of 404, as compared with 374 last week, and 312 the week previous to the last. For the corresponding week of last year the figures were 342, representing 306 in.

the United States and 36 in Canada. SUDDEN DEATH.

Hon. Michael H. Phelan, Ex-United States Consul-General at Halifax, Nova-Scotia and Publisher of the Western Watchman Stricken Down by Heart Disease on the Streets in St. Louis.

St. Louis, Dec. 20.-Hon. Michael H.

Phelan, publisher of the Western Watchman and a prominent figure in all Catholic enterprises in this city, dropped dead from heart disease Thursday evening in front of the real-estate office of Charles F. Vogel, 716 Chestnut street. Mr. Phelan left his office, 720 Chestnut street, shortly before six o'clock, saying that he would return soon. He was on his way back, and was just passing Mr. Vogel's office, when he was seen to stagger and fall by some gentlemen walking behind him, who hurried to his assistance and conveyed him into Mr. Vogel's office. Medical aid was at once summoned, but before a physician arrived Mr. Phelan had ceased to breathe. [Michael H. Phelan was born on Cape Breton Island, Nova Scotia, fifty-four years ago, and had been a resident of St. Louis for about forty years. His public services have been of a conspicuous kind, and he was foremost in all Catholic enterprises. When but a boy his parents left a Northern for a Southern clime, and Michael entered St. Patrick's Parochial School in St. Louis, He learned the cooper's trade, and acquired a shop of his own, which he gave up in 1868. He then embarked with his brother Daniel, a Catholic clergyman, who at that time had already gained a reputation for independence of speech, in the publishing business. The first number of the Western Watchman, a secular religious weekly, appeared on January 11, 1839. Mr.

Phelan has been interested in the paper ever since, and accumulated a competency. Mr. Phelan was elected to the lower house of the Missouri Legislature in 1868, soon be came prominent in that body, and two years after was re-elected. He was elected a State Senator in 1872, and for a time was president pro tem. of the Senate. Mr. Phelan was one of the seven commissioners who framed the Scheme and Charter, which has been the basis of local municipal legislation since St. Louis City and County were divided. On May 25, 1885, Mr. Phelan was appointed Consul-General to Nova Scotia by President Cleveland, and he served until President Harrison appointed a successor. Mr. Phelan was appointed assignee of the Central Savings Bank, which collapsed thout fourteen years ago, and helped to straighten out its indebtedness. Notwithstanding his business interests, Mr. Phelan was a member of the Upper Council of the St. Vincent de Paul Society and other Catholic organizations, and to the House of the

ood Shepherd and kindred charities his est efforts have been devoted.] Mr. Philan's sudden death will be mourned by a large circle of friends, and by none more than the various Catholic interests in which he displayed

so large an interest. Another Dead Ex-Consul. CLAREMONT, N. H., Dec. 20.-Edwin Vaughn, probate judge and late Consul to Canada, died here.

And There May be Another. DETROIT, Mich., Dec. 20 .- Word has been received here that John Devlin, ex-United States Consul at Windsor, member of the general executive board of the Knights of Labor, is seriously ill at Jacksonville, Fla., whither he went

An Important Denial from Archbishop

month.

DUBLIN, Dec. 20 .- Archbishop Walsh publishes a statement that the story printed in United Ireland as to what took place in the last meeting of the Chapter of Dublin diocese is a fabrication. The dean of the chapter has also written a complete denial of the story which was to the effect that the Parnell matter was discussed by the meeting and it was decided, in view of the division of opinion among the laity on the subject, to refrain from taking ecclesiastical action in the premises. The statement creates a sensation.

An Anarchist's End. NEW YORK, Dec. 20.-The dead body of a man was found in the basement of Tompkin's Market at seven o'clock vesterday morning. Beside the body was a revolver with one of its five chambers empty. He had shot himself through

the heart. Later the suicide was identified as Frederick Boehm, twentythree years old, an Anarchist. In his pockets were found two books, one being Bellamy's "Looking Backward" and Tom Payne's "Age of Reason." In a note-book Boehm left a letter addressed to the public stating that he had wilfully taken his own life.